Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 1310.] SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 19, 1796. [VOLUME X.

For Sale,

At Public Auction, on Saturday, November 19th inst. at at the Merchants Coffee House, 6 o'clock in the evening—

The brig FLY,

Virginia built, of the best materials, was sheathed on the stocks to light water mark, is not two years old, burthen eighteen hundred barrels, or there abouts is well found in every respect, and sails remarkable fast—is ready to receive a cargo immediately. Inventory to be seen at Footman & Co Auction room, on board at South Street wharf, or at No. 5, South Fourth Street, by applying to the subscriber,

George Blight.

Terms of payment—approved indorsed notes at 2, 4, and 6 months.

Nov. 14. §1w.

For Freight or Charter

To Europe or the W. Indies,

The new Brig FAIR AMERICAN, Richard Calley, Master; burthen 145 tons; has good accommodations, and is now ready to receive a cargo:—apply to the Captain on board, first wharf above the Still-House, Southwark, or to

Isaac Harvey, jun.

Who has now for sale, at his store, No. 5, South Water-street,

A quantity of Cayenne and Trinidad Cotton
Spanish Seal Leather
And a parcel of Carolina Rice, in whole and half tierces. 11th mo. 11th. d2w

For Madeira,

The ship Concord,

Capt. John Thomson. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

Peter Blight;

Who has for sale, a quantity of
Brandy, in pipes
Whiting and Copperas, in hogsheads
Old Hock, in cases
Dutch Cream-Cheese, in boxes
Window Glass
Empty Gin-Cases
Glass Ware, in boxes
Painters' Colours, ground in oil
Sweet Oil, in cases of a dozen bottles each
Hazlenuts, in sacks.

November 11. d1m

Wanted to Charter,

A fast-sailing Vessel,

That will carry 5 or 600 barrels; to load immediately for the West-Indies. Apply to

Peter Blight.

November 10. dx

For Sale.

The Ship *CHARLOTTE,*

A stout vessel, about 150 tons burthen, well found and may be sent to sea at a small expence.

Apply to

Joseph Anthony and Co.

Nov. 8. dx.

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP MARY,

SAMUEL PARKER, MASTER,

Two hundred tons burthen. Apply to JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

If the MARY is not sold in a few days, she will take freight for Hamburg. Apply as above.

October 31. d

Just arrived, and will this day be landed

from on board the brig FAVORITE at Chesnut street wharf.

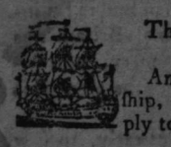
25 Tons best Russia Clean HEMP,
65 Tons old Sable flat IRON,
200 Coils best Russia CORDAGE, assorted sizes,
400 Pieces brown Russia SHEETINGS,
300 Bolts Russia DUCK,
240 Pieces Ravens do.
20 Half-down feather beds, and
A few pieces assorted DIAPER.

FOR SALE BY

Joseph Anthony and Co.

The above mentioned BRIG will sail in a few days, and take freight on moderate terms for Boston or Salem, for which or passage, apply on board or as above

October 31. d



For Charter,

The Ship *JOHN BULKELY,*

AYRES STOCKLEY, Master.

An excellent live-oak and cedar built ship, of about 3000 barrels burthen.—Apply to

Jesse & Robert Waln.

Nov. d.

For London,

The ship William Penn,

James Josiah, master. Will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or to

Jesse and Robert Waln.

November 10, 1796. d

For Liverpool,

The Ship *DOMINICK TERRY,*

JACOB DEHART, Master.

Has a part of her cargo engaged.—For freight or passage apply to the master on board, at the wharf of the subscribers, or,

Jesse & Robert Waln.

Nov. 7. d

For Lisbon,

The Danish barque BENEVENTURA, SAMUEL STUB, Master,

A good vessel of about two hundred tons burthen. For freight or passage apply to

Jesse & Robert Waln.

Nov. 7. d.

For Sale by Public Auction,

On Saturday Evening next, the 19th inst. at 7 o'clock, if not previously disposed of at private sale,

The Brigantine Fame,

Laying at Mr. Samuel Bower's wharf, and now ready for sea; a strong and well built vessel, and calculated either for the European or West-India trade, as she will carry nearly 2000 barrels—She has been just hove down, and may be sent to sea at a small expence. For further particulars, apply to Capt. Knox on board, to Samuel Smith, Ship Broker, or

JOHN CONNELLY, Auctioneer.

November 17. 3t d

BARTER.

For Sale, a good strong built ship, burthen 1350 barrels, nearly new, well found and can be put to sea at a small expence. Payment will be received in English or India goods, or if more agreeable to the purchaser, 3, 6, and 9 months credit would be given on approved notes, for further particulars enquire at No. 8, South Water-street, or No. 29 North Third-street.

November 16. d7t

FOR LONDON,

The capital ship CERES,

To sail soon:—For freight or passage apply to DAVY, ROBERTS & Co. or

John Vaughan,

September 10. Front-street.

This Day will be Landed,

From on board the brig Dispatch, Captain P. Brum, from Malaga, at Morris's wharf, just above the Drawbridge,

FRESH FRUITS, viz.

Raisins, in kegs, boxes and baskets
Figs in kegs
Prunes in boxes
Grapes in jars
Olives in ditto
Lemons in chests
Anchovies in kegs
Almonds, soft shelled, in sacks

Also,

Brandy in butts
Sweet Mountain Wine in quarter-casks—&c.

For Sale by

Peter Kuhn.

November 17. §6

THE Partnership of JONATHAN HARVEY & Co. being this day Dissolved by mutual consent, those indebted to said firm are requested to make speedy payment to Jonathan Harvey, who is authorized to receive the same, and those who have any demands will please to bring in their accounts to him for settlement

The Business will be Continued

By Jonathan Harvey,

AT HIS STORE NO. 106, S. FRONT-STREET;

Where he has for Sale,

A general assortment of DRY GOODS.

November 14, 1796. §1m

An elegant Bay Horse for sale,

Enquire at George Green's Stables, in Pine-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets.

Nov. 18. §1w

To be Let,

A large cellar, in Walnut-street just above Fourth-Street, that is floored with two inch plank, and will hold upwards of 100 pipes of wine.

Also, a Stable and Coach-house, that will hold four horses and two carriages; and several stores in Fourth Street—

Apply to

George Meade.

Who has for sale,

25 boxes of Castile soap
Red Lisbon Wine
A few pipes of bill of exchange wine
A few barrels of Irish mess beef
And a few barrels of ship bread.

Nov. 4. d15t.

Sales of India Goods.

The Cargo of the ship Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Calcutta and Bengal,

CONSISTING OF

A Large and general assortment of Bengal and Madras COTTON and SILK GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE

A variety fine worked and plain Muslins,

Doreas, &c. Also,

A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,

In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,

For Sale by

Willings & Francis,

No. 21 Penn Street.

June 8 §

In the Press,

And will be published in a few days by MATHEW CAREY, at No. 118, Market-street,

AN ADDRESS

To the Electors of the President of the United States,

First published in the Gazette of the United States, in a series of papers udder the signature of

"A FEDERALIST."

Containing some strictures on Mr. Adams's Defence of the American Constitutions, and on the Essays of PHOCION, since published without that signature, in a pamphlet entitled "The pretensions of Thomas Jefferson to the Presidency examined, and the charges against John Adams refuted."

Nov. 18. §3

Washington Lottery.

The 38th and 39th days' drawing of the Washington Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Market-street, where tickets may be examined.

N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other lotteries may be procured.

November 17, 1796. d

EMANUEL WALKER,

No. 73, South Front Street,

Has for Sale,

30 Hogsheads tobacco of Richmond inspection.
15 do. do. of Petersburg do.
25 do. do. of Fredericksburg do.
50 do. do. of Alexandria.

Nov. 12. mw&f3t.

FOR SALE,

A few hogsheads of choice New-England RUM,
A number of barrels of BEEF, and PORK,
And a few kegs of LARD, of a superior quality.

Enquire at No. 71, north Water-street.

November 8, 1796. dtf

For Sale.

7 cases coarse hats
Copper bottoms and sheets
Shot, all sizes, patent and common
Sheet and barr lead
English shoes and boots in cases
Tin plates
Gold watches
Taunton ale in casks.

Apply to

Simon Walker,

124, So. Fourth Street.

Nov. 8. d14t.

OLD

London Particular Madeira Wine,

In pipes, hogsheads and quarter-casks,

Landing this day at Chesnut-street Wharf, and for sale by

Joseph Anthony & Co.

Nov. 1. d

Best Boston & Nova-Scotia Mackarel,

Excellent Halifax Salmon in bbls.
47 bbls. prime Coffee,
Best Boston Beef,
Codfish in hds.
Spermaceti Candles,
Spermaceti, and Northern } OIL.

Mould and dipt, tallow candles, of a superior quality.

A few boxes excellent brown soap,
6 Bales of Corks.
40 Pipes excellent Lisbon Wine.
A few sacks of Feathers.
A few bales India Muslins.

FOR SALE BY

JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

October 31. d

The Cargo of the Polacre Independent,

CAPTAIN CATHCART, from Alicant and Lisbon, landing at the subscribers wharf—

28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spanish wool
3 do. of Anniseed
7000 Bushels of best Lisbon Salt
80 Boxes of Lemons

For sale by WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

ALSO,

Seventy Hogsheads of prime JAMAICA SUGARS, received by the ship Dominick Terry, Capt. De Hart, from Kingston.

Sept. 13. d

Irish Linens, &c.

Imported per the ships Glasgow, from Dublin, Liberty, from Cork, and brig Mentor, from Belfast,

4-4 and 7-8 Wide IRISH LINENS,

In whole and half boxes,

Assorted from 11d. to 4s. sterling—Also 5-4 wide Sheetings, and low priced yarn and worsted Hose.

On Hand,

7-8 Wide Lawns.
Diapers and Table-Cloths
A few boxes Tickens and Checks
A few bales Flannels
Cork and Belfast Sail Cloth, Nos. 1 and 6
25 Boxes, 10 Ditto, 5 Ditto } Window Glass, { 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10.

The above mentioned Goods are all entitled to the drawback, and will be disposed of by the package on reasonable terms.

James, Clibborn & English,

No. 6, N. Front-street.

10th mo. 19th. dtf

A Manufactory FOR SALE.

A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, situate in a convenient part of the city; the works almost new, on an entirely original construction, and built of the best materials, and may be set to work immediately. Persons who wish to purchase, are requested to apply at No. 273, South Second Street. September 13. t t s tf

Imported in the late arrivals from Europe and the West-Indies,

Holland Gin, in pipes

Choice St. Croix Sugar and Rum
Martinique Molasses, in hogsheads
Choice old Lisbon Wine, in pipes and quarter-casks
London Particular & London Market Madeira Wine, in pipes, half-pipes and quarter-casks
Malmsey Madeira Wine, in pipes and quarter-casks
Teneriffe Wine, in pipes
Russia & Flemish Sheeting and Ravens Duck, in cases
Window Glass, 8 by 10, in boxes
Coffee Mills and Straw Knives, in casks
Mill Saws and Cross-cut Saws, in boxes

Also, on hand,

A few chests of Bohea Tea; Jesuits Bark; Assafœtida and Tapioca; and a few bales of Cossaes, Baftas, Gurrahs, Bandanna and Muslin Handkerchiefs, and a complete assortment of 5-4 and 6-4 Boulting Cloths.

For Sale by

Pragers & Co.

October 20 dawm&tham

The Elephant

IS RETURNED FROM BALTIMORE.

THE public are respectfully informed, that this animal is to be seen every day, from 8 o'clock in the morning till sun down, in Market-street, No. 106, south side, between Third and Fourth-streets.

Admittance *a quarter of a dollar*, that every citizen may see him.

☞ At the request of many persons it will be exhibited on evenings from five to eight o'clock, at *half a dollar* each.—The room will be well lighted.

November 7. d

Just Landing,

And for Sale, a quantity of

BOURDEAUX BRANDY,

FROM on board the schooner Lydia & Polly, Oliver Jenkins master, lying at Wilcock's wharf. For terms, enquire on board said schooner.

November 15th. §1w

For Sale by JOHN J. PARRY,

No. 38, S. Second near Chesnut-street,

A few excellent GOLD WATCHES,

From Forty to One Hundred Dollars,

And SILVER WATCHES,

Of various prices—all warranted.

An assortment of Chains, Seals, Keys, and Trinkets,

Eight Day Clocks supplied, and Clocks & Watches repaired with dispatch and great care.

Best Watch Glasses by the groce.

November 12. tuf&s2w

FOR SALE,

About 1,600 acres of Land,

WELL situated, laying on and between Marsh and Beech Creeks, Mifflin county, Pennsylvania, in four separate Patents. For terms of sale apply to

Wm. Blackburn,

No. 64, South Second-street.

October 31. mwstf

Just Landing,

At South street wharf, from on board the ship Sedgley, Captain Hodge, from St. Petersburg,

The following Goods:

Russia Sail Duck, first quality.
Do. Sheeting do.
Do. Diaper.
Do. Huckaback.
Do. Crash.
Do. Mould Candles, 4, 5 and 6, to the lb. of the English size.
Do. White Candle Tallow.
Do. White Soap in small boxes.
Do. Cordage of fine yarn.
Ravens Duck.
Isinglass, 1st and 2nd sort.
Horse Hair uncurled.
Russia Bar Iron.
Do. Hoop Iron.
Do. Nail Rods.
10 Tons Oakum and Junk.
St. Petersburg Clean Hemp.

For Sale by

Philips, Cramond, & Co.

October 12. §

FASHIONABLE WAISTCOATING.

GEORGE DOBSON, No. 25,

SOUTH THIRD-STREET,

Has received per the Diana, from London,

Clouded and striped Spanish Swansdown
Clouded Erminats and Moleskins
Striped do. and do.
Figured Manillas
Scarlet figured Erminets
Printed Florinetts
Do. Cassinets and Cassimeres
Superfine printed Quiltings, newest patterns

Also, per different arrivals,

A large and general assortment of Dry Goods,

Suitable to the present and approaching season.

November 5. dtf

LANDING,

Out of different vessels from England, and for sale by the subscribers on reasonable terms,

Superfine and common cloths, and cassimers
Ribbed and striped do. do.
Blankets, mottled green and silk rugs.
Superfine blue, Claret, and common coatings,
Kerseys, Bear-skins, plains and Halfthicks,
Swanskins, Serges and Flannels,
British Ingrain Carpeting,
Hats assorted in cases of 12 doz. each.
Chocolate chintzes, printed Callicoes and Handkerchiefs.
Scarlet Cardinals, and Scarlet Snail,
Yarn, Worsted, and Cotton hosiery,
Beavers, Thickfetts, Velvets, Corduroys, &c. &c.
Buff and drab Genoa Cords of a superior quality.
6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. nails, and frying pans,

An assortment of Ironmongerry, Cutlery and a variety of India cotton, and silk goods.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

No. 5, Dock-street.

Also by the Glasgow from Dublin,
1-8 and 4-4 Irish Linens assorted in boxes of 30 pieces,
do. Brown, Glazed Linnen.

Oct. 17. dtf.

For Sale,

A Three-story BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Chesnut street, between Front and Second streets, in which Messrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on business.

Possession will be given in one month, or sooner.

For terms apply to WILLIAM BELL, or HECTOR CALBRAITH.

April 21. §

For Sale,

By Jehu Hollingsworth, & Co.

25 hhds. West-India Rum, 3d and 4th proof,
5 Barrels best Indigo, and,
A few thousand bushels of Turk's Island salt.

Oct. 17. d.

For Sale,

By J. WARDER, PARKER & Co.

An Invoice of Cordage,

Consisting of different sizes, from 12 inch cables down to rope of 2 inches, of different lengths: Imported in the ship Swift, from Hull, and entitled to drawback.

Sept. 27. dtf

Benjamin and Jacob Johnson,

No. 147, Market-street,

Have received by the last arrivals from Liverpool and Hull,

A very general assortment of DRY GOODS,

Well suited to the approaching season, which they will sell on the lowest terms by the piece or package.

October 14. taw4w

City Dancing Assembly.

The first Assembly will be held on Thursday next, the 17th November, at Oellers's Hotel.

By order of the Managers.

Nov. 14. §

Pantheon,
AND RICKETTS's AMPHITHEATRE,
For EQUESTRIAN and STAGE PERFORMANCES,
Corner of Chesnut and Sixth-streets.

THIS EVENING, Saturday, November 19,
Will be presented,
A variety of Entertainments.
Ground and Lofty Tumbling,
By Mr. Sully, Mr. F. Ricketts, Master Franklin and Master Hutchins;
In which will be introduced, for the 2nd time,
The Force of Hercules,
By Mr. Franklin, a performance never before attempted by any in America.
Horsemanship,
By Mr, Ricketts, Mr. F. Ricketts, Mr. Franklin, Master Franklin, Master Hutchins, the Young American, and Mrs. Spinacuta.
Clown to the Horsemanship, Mr. Sully.
A new Ballet Dance,
Under the direction of Mr. Durang,
called
THE BACK COUNTRYMEN;
Or, the New Settlers.
Mr. Franklin and Mr. F. Ricketts will ride three horses in full speed, carrying Mr. Ricketts on their shoulders, a Pyramid never attempted by any persons before.
The whole to conclude with
A Comic Pantomime, called
HARLEQUIN FOUNDLING.

Mr. RICKETTS takes this opportunity of informing the Ladies and Gentlemen who attend the Riding-School, that he has, at considerable expense, engaged Mr. Franklin, to give lessons in the art of riding and managing Horses, as he finds it impossible to attend to it himself, in consequence of a variety of business which he is at present engaged in.

*** The Ladies and Gentlemen who secure seats i the day time, are requested to attend punctually at , as the performances are so arranged as to concludeb 10 o'clock—the doors will open at 6.
☞ Box, 7s. 6d.—Pit, 3s. 9d.
Tickets to be had of Mr. Ford, at the ticket office in Chesnut-street, from ten to three o'clock each day.
☞ Silver Tickets, to admit for the season, to be had by applying to Mr. Ricketts at the Pantheon, or at Oellers's Hotel.
☞ Days of Performance to be Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

TO LET,
From this day, to the twenty-eighth of April, 1797,
A commodious house in South Second-street, No. 133, near George Hunters, apothecary, well calculated either for a lodging house, a store or a shop.
Nov. 16. 3t

SALT PETRE.
A large quantity of Double-Refined Salt Petre for sale at No. 25, South Third-street.
November 3.

10 hogsheads St. Croix Rum,
5 Pipes Vinegar,
For Sale, by
Ezekiel Hall,
No. 20, Penn Street.
Nov. 7.

WM. HOLDERNESSE, No. 76,
HIGH-STREET,
Has received by the late arrivals,
A Well Selected ASSORTMENT of
Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery, and Haberdashery Goods,
Which he will sell, wholesale and retail, on the very lowest terms;
Amongst which are
Some elegant 4-4 and 7-8 Chintzes and Cottons, new patterns
Ditto Furniture ditto
Ditto Dimity
Tamboured, Book, and Jaconet Muslins
Ditto in Gold and Silver
Ditto Neckcloths, very fine
Mantuas of the first quality
Silk and Cotton Hosiery
Umbrellas of the first quality, assorted
Irish Linens, very fine, and Table Linens
Marseilles and Cotton Counterpanes
Rose Blankets assorted—&c. &c.
October 26. d

A few Pipes of WINE,
Imported in the brig FAME, from Madeira, to be sold by MORDECAI LEWIS,
Who has also to dispose of on reasonable terms,
IRISH LINENS, well assorted
BANDANNA HANDKERCHIEFS
WIDE NANKEENS
COSSAS AND BAFTAS
RAVENS DUCK
DIAPERS
QUICK SILVER
CHINA
ROLL BRIMSTONE, &c.
Ober 27. tawrm

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By Benjamin Davies,
No. 68, High-street,
The American Repository of useful information, for 1797.
CONTAINING,
A Calendar for the year
A complete Register of the Executive, Legislative, and Judiciary Officers of the General Government.
A List of the Military Forces of the United States.
Post-Office Establishment—times of receiving and closing the Mails at Philadelphia.
The post roads and towns, and their distances
Times of holding the Supreme, Circuit and District Courts.
A table of Impost duties, alphabetically arranged.
A list of the custom-house officers and their fees.
Rules for reducing the currencies of the several states into one another, and all of them into the money of the United States.
Useful tables of the value of pounds, shillings and pence, in dollars and cents.
A register of the officers of the civil government of Pennsylvania.
A gardiner's calendar for Pennsylvania.
And a great variety of other articles of useful information. Embellished with twelve elegant vignettes, an engraved title-page and frontispiece,—making together, a handsome, as well as very useful, little pocket companion.
October 20. 2awtf

The brig West-Indian's Cargo
Will be Landed on Monday morning,
The 21st instant,
At South-street Wharf,
From the North side of Jamaica.
120 Hogsheads and one barrel Coffee
13 Hogsheads of Sugar
105 Hogsheads high proof Rum.
For Sale by
PETER BLIGHT.
November 19. §t

PROPOSALS,
By WILLIAM COBBETT, opposite Christ Church, Philadelphia, for publishing by subscription,
ADAMS'S
Defence of the American Constitutions.
CONDITIONS:
I. The work shall be printed on English wove-paper, page for page, from the best London Edition; of course it will be comprized in three large octavo volumes.
II. For the three volumes, bound in boards, the price to subscribers is to be only four dollars, and to non-subscribers, five dollars and a half.
III. The subscripcion shall remain open for ten days, and if an encouraging number of subscribers are obtained in that time, the publisher engages to have the work ready for delivery in six weeks from the present date.
15th November, 1796.
N. B. Subscriptions are taken by the principal booksellers of Philadelphia and New York.
☞ The subscribers to the History of Jacobinism are respectfully informed, that it will be ready for delivery early next week.
Nov. 16. §x.

JOHN MARKLAND,
Printer, Bookseller, and Stationer,
No. 91, South Front Street,
received by the last arrivals from London, an assortment of Stationary, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, consisting of—
A great variety of copper-plate printing paper, from 33 by 27 inches to the smallest size; superfine, imperial, super-royal, royal, medium, demy, folio, and quarto post, foolscap and post writing paper; marble and blotting paper, large and small message cards, sand and pounce boxes, shining sand, ink and ink-powder, pencils, quills, crown, half crown, and common size Irish wafers, coloured and red; India rubber, pen-knives lead and pewter ink-stands, do. chests, cork soles, copy books, slates and pencils, Entick's dictionary, Watts' psalms, &c.
Also, some elegant prints, an assortment of blank-books, American manufactured writing paper, do. playing cards of a superior quality; and a collection of BOOKS, London and American editions.
Nov. 12. §6t.

W. Young, Mills, and Son.
Have for Sale, a large assortment of
PRINTING and WRITING PAPERS
Which will include 500 reams of fine demy wove printing paper,

Imperial	Folio and Quarto Post, gilt
Super-Royal	Small Folio Post, plain,
Royal	Ditto gilt
Medium	Blossom paper assorted
Demy	Transparent Folio Post
Thick post in folio	Sup.fine&common Foolscap
Ditto in 4to	Marbled papers
Extra large folio Post	COARSE PAPERS.
Ditto 4to	London brown assorted
Folio Post wove	Log-book paper
Quarto ditto	Hatters' paper
Folio wove post lined	Stainers' paper
Quarto ditto do.	Common brown
Ditto gilt do.	Patent sheathing paper
Common size Folio Post	Bonnet boards
Ditto quarto plain	Bookbinders' boards.

ALSO,
A variety of other Stationary Articles:
Viz Wedgwood and glass philosophical Inkstands, well assorted, pewter ink-chests of various sizes, round pewter ink-stands. paper, brass and polished leather ink-stands for the pocket, shining sand and sand boxes, pounce and pounce boxes, ink and ink-powder, black leather and red morocco pocket books with and without instruments of various sizes, counting-house and pocket pen-knives of the best quality, ass-skin tablet and memorandum books, red and coloured wafers, common size office do. quills from half a dollar to three dollars per hnndred, black lead pencils, mathematical instruments, &c. &c.
All sorts and sizes of blank-books ready made or made to order, bank checks, blank bills of exchange, and notes of hand executed in copper-plates, bills of lading, manifests, seaman's articles and journals, &c. &c.
A well selected collection of miscellaneous books. Also, of Greek, Latin, and English Classics, as are now in use in the colleges and schools of the United States.
W. Young, Mills, & Son have just published in one large volume 12 mo. Sheridan's Dictionary for the use of schools, 1 50-100 dollars.—Also the same work large 8vo. price three dollars.
Nov. 6. taw3w.

Washington Lottery.
TICKETS, warranted undrawn, may be purchased or exchanged for prizes, at the Office, No. 147, Chesnut-street, where a correct Numerical Book is kept for public inspection. Also Canal Lottery Tickets for sale or exchanged for prizes drawn in the Washington Lottery, of which the 38th and 39th days returns are received.
☞ The Business of a Broker carried on as usual.
*** A SHARE in the NEW THEATRE to be sold on reasonable terms.
November 17. ttstf

James M'Alpin, Taylor,
No. 3, South Fourth-street,
RETURNS his grateful acknowledgments to his Friends and the Public for their liberal encouragement, and begs leave to solicit a continuance of their favors.
He has on hand an extensive assortment of the
Most Fashionable GOODS,
And of the best quality, suitable for the season.
At this shop Gentlemen can be furnished with the best materials, and have them made up in the neatest and most Fashionable manner, and on the shortest notice—He will thankfully receive any orders, and pay a prompt and punctual attention to them.
November 10. wstf

No. 153.
District of Pennsylvania, to wit.
BE it remembered, that on the twenty-fourth day of September, in the twenty-first year of the independence of the United States of America, William Cobbett of the said district hath deposited in this office the Title of a Book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit.
"The Political Censor, or Review of the most interesting political occurrences relative to the United States of America—By Peter Porcupine"—In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, intituled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts and Books to the authors and proprietors of such Copies, during the times therein mentioned." SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk
District Pennsylvania

For the GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MR. FENNO,
AS your paper is considered all thro' America as a sound *federal* paper, and the rallying point of the friends of the constitution and of good government, your subscribers must view with pain any attempts by the concealed enemies of both constitution and good government, to injure its circulation, by making it a vehicle of publications, *disgusting* to all good federalists. There are unfortunately papers enough already, well disposed and eager to disseminate pernicious sentiments and to poison the public mind; in God's name, let the good federalists have one paper, free from disorganizing doctrines, let them have one repository for the supporters of good government. These sentiments have been drawn forth by seeing a great many columns of your truly valuable paper stuffed, at this interesting crisis of our affairs, with *calumnies* against that virtuous patriot, *John Adams*, by a writer, disguising himself under the name of a *federalist*, in order to excite attention among your readers, a trick, proceeding from his consciousness that his writings alone would not merit it.

Are not the *anti-federalists* satisfied with one paper? They have *Bache's* at their command, and have filled that for weeks past with their slander. What right have they to poach on federal ground? Be assured that this pretended federalist is an *enemy in disguise*, who is wire-drawing long, sophisticated pieces, merely to *exclude* the friends of Mr. Adams from your paper, and to disgust your subscribers. Are not these very pieces republished in the Aurora? Does the *Aurora* publish with liberality, abuse against Mr. Jefferson, or panegyricks on Mr. Adams? No—that paper is devoted altogether to one side—what right have the *antis* to both papers, when the *federalists* have only one? These things are recommended to your serious consideration, by
THOUSANDS.

FOR THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

PHOCION—No. XXIV.

ABOUT the beginning of the year 1791, the house of representatives of the United States, referred to the secretary of state, a representation of the legislature of Massachusetts on the *decayed* state of the *cod and whale fisheries*. The object of the reference was to cause an enquiry into the real state of the fisheries, and to receive from the secretary, some plan of legislative aid. The representation complained "that the fisheries laboured under many and heavy embarrassments, which, if not removed or leffened, would render them every year less extensive and important, that these embarrassments were, *heavy duties* on their produce abroad, and bounties on that of their competitors, and *duties at home* on several articles, particularly used in the fisheries, and it asked, that those *duties* might be taken off, that *bounties* might be given to the fishermen, and the *national influence* used abroad for obtaining *better markets* for their produce."

The course to be pursued by the secretary was plain and simple—to inquire into the truth of the representation, and if true, to report some system of legislative aid, either by taking off the duties, or giving bounties, or using the influence of the government with foreign nations, to procure better markets, or all of these measures.

But instead of following this direct and obvious course, he begins with a long, tedious, and *pedantic* history of the discovery of Newfoundland by the *Cabots*, as far back as the year 1519, and a detail of the fishing adventures of the *Basques* and *Biscayans*, and *Bas Bretons*, more than two centuries ago, with the rise and progress of the French, Spanish, and Portuguese fisheries, from the year 1519, to the time of the report, all of which, tho' no doubt *faithfully copied* from books of authority, were as uninteresting to the *impatient* fishermen, as they were useless to congress.

After thus torturing the patience of the house and the feelings of the fishermen, he might at least have concluded with recommending something *precise, practicable and effectual*: But, after all his sympathetic lamentations about the deplorable state of the fishermen, and his settled conviction of the importance of the *cod fishery*, what does he conclude with recommending?—"that *fish* might constitute a part of the *military rations*, and a part of the necessary *sea stores of vessels*, and that private *individuals* might be encouraged to let the fisherman share with the cultivator, *in furnishing the supplies of the table*," for, adds he, "a habit, introduced from motives of patriotism, would soon be followed from motives of taste."* Having made this *notable discovery* to save the fisheries from ruin, he exclaims, with patriotic enthusiasm, "and who will undertake to fix limits to this demand, if it can be once excited, with a nation, which doubles, and will long continue to double, at very short periods?"

The secretary might have strengthened his argument very considerably, if he had had all his wits about him at the time; he might have shewn that the very eating of fish would have promoted population—that the more fish was consumed, the more people there would be to eat fish, and thus by a happy joint operation of cause and effect, the consumers of fish at home would continue to increase in a compound ratio.

Having hit upon this very *notable substitute* for *foreign markets*, he passes over slightly the main objects which the fishermen had in view, and which had been the *essential* points of the reference; in respect to these, he merely observes, "that it will *rest with the wisdom of the legislature* to decide, whether any, and which of the naval and other duties may be remitted, or an equivalent given to the fisherman in the form of a drawback or bounty: in respect to that *which was the most* material part of the reference, he gives no opinion, but leaves it where it was before, to the wisdom of congress. The fishermen pray that heavy duties may be taken off, or bounties given, or better markets procured abroad by treaty; the secretary, instead of reporting whether any and what duties ought to be taken off, what would be the effect of so doing, as it concerned the public revenue, what substitutes might supply the deficiency, whether it was constitutional to grant bounties, and if so, whether it would be expedient, what nations we might negotiate with to obtain better markets, *cautiously* avoids all these topics of governmental interposition and aid, and gravely recommends that, which the government *could not meddle with*, to convert all the people of the United States into *Ichthyophagites*, or *eaters of fish*. The fishermen pray for some *legislative succour* to preserve them from ruin—congress refer their petition to the secretary—he acknowledges that they will be ruined without some immediate legislative aid, and yet instead of recommending any, informs congress, that if individuals in the United States can be encouraged to eat fish, from *patriotic motives*, as the nation doubles in short periods, the demand at home must in progress of time be very great!!

Congress, however, wisely conceiving, that the learned anecdotes about the Basques, Biscayans and Bas-Bretons, and the distant prospect of a great domestic consumption, from a future doubling of our population, were but scanty means of succour for the poor starving fishermen; devised some immediate *relief*, which, tho' promising, from the best information, to be *cheap and effectual*, was, under a pretence of its *unconstitutionality*, warmly *opposed*, in a debate of several days, by the very *friends of the Secretary*. This opposition at once, accounted for the Secretary's *caution*, in evading the points referred to him by congress, and urging with an affected zeal for the welfare of the fisheries, that which he knew to be as *delusive*, as it was ridiculous and puerile.

The foregoing strictures apply to that part of the report which relates to the *cod fishery*. When the secretary comes to treat of the *whale fishery*,† it furnishes him with some materials whereon to build his favorite system of hostility towards England, and partiality for France, (from whence he had returned but the preceding year) he is more particular and decided in his recommeadation. After stating, that the remission of duties would stand on the *same ground* as in respect to the *cod fishery*, that is, resting *on the wisdom of congress*, he proceeds to the subject of foreign markets, and informs congress, that *France* is the *only market* for our common oils; that, although there was an *interest* in that country *soliciting the exclusion of our oils*, yet we might *hope*, that the government of France would view us, not as rivals, but as *co-operaters against a common rival*; and that friendly arrangements with France would long secure to us this resource. Full of this object, so near his heart, he then *deviates* from the subject of the fisheries altogether, to make a pompous statement of the great amount of our general exports of American productions to that country—a statement which subsequent information shewed to be extremely fallacious. He then states, that *England* is the market for the greater part of our spermaceti oil; but, to counteract this circumstance, adds, "that the tenure by which we hold the admission of this commodity in their markets, is as precarious as it is hard;" tho' in truth, in was, at least, as likely to be durable, as the tenure by which, from his own account, we hold the admission into the French market, where he had stated, "that there was a particular (and, he might have added, a *powerful*) *interest perpetually soliciting the exclusion of our oils.*"

Growing still warmer on his favorite topic, he adds, "Nor can it be announced, that there is *any disposition* on the part of England to arrange this or any other commercial matter, to mutual convenience; the *ex parte* regulations which they have begun, for mounting their navigation on the ruin of our's, can only be opposed by *counter regulations* on our part."

However reluctant the secretary had been to give any positive advice to congress, respecting the essential aid which the cod-fishery required, contenting himself with leaving that to their wisdom; yet, here, his zeal for *counter regulations against Great-Britain*, overcomes his *diffidence*, and he plainly and pointedly advises decisive and important measures. Though evidently indifferent about the prosperity or distress of the fishermen, yet he is ready to seize on the interests and passions of the New-Englanders, and embody them on his side, against their supposed enemy, Great-Britain. But these prudent people, too wise to be caught in such a snare, and too well acquainted with the true interests of their country, were almost unanimously opposed to Mr. Jefferson's plan of counter-regulations, which he afterwards more fully developed, when circumstances promised a more successful result. It was not a little surprising that he he should, *thus early*, have complained of the disinclination of Great Britain to meet us in commercial arrangements. Mr. Jefferson had not been many months in office under the new government, which was then but *in its infancy*, and it was known that Great-Britain was about to send a minister to this country, who indeed arrived here within a few months after this complaint.

Anxious as was the secretary, thus early, to sow the seeds of commercial hostility against Great-Britain, some facts incautiously escaped from his pen, in this report, of so unfavourable a complection to France, that he took special care, in his *commercial report*, to pass them by *in silence*, tho' they were full as *relevant* to the subject, as those he then detailed respecting the rival nation. Thus, in page 5, he says, "the *navigation* of France, from being the most economical, was become the *most expensive* of any nation." This is the navigation, in favour of which, he recommends in his commercial report, the exclusion of British vessels. In the same page he tells us, that, though the fisheries of the United States were annihilated during the war, and their markets in the Mediterranean and British America lost, yet their produce was *duties in those of France*. In page 9, he tells us, that, at this critical time, when the fishermen of the United States, left without resource by the loss of their markets, began to think of accepting an invitation from G. Britain, and removing, some to Nova-Scotia, and others to England, the government of France, not inattentive to these proceedings, endeavoured to prevent this emigration of our fishermen, by promising, that our *friends in France* would do something for them; but that, instead of doing any thing to induce them to stay in the United States, the government of France, *insidiously*, and contrary

* Page 7, report.

to the wiſhes and intention of the generous *La Fayette, ſeduced* our fiſhermen to go and ſettle in Dunkirk, by offering them a bounty of ten dollars a ton on their veſſels, beſides other advantages. In page 10, he tells us, that ſoon after this plan of ſeduction, France ſhut her ports to all foreign fiſh oils—an excluſion which *palſied our fiſhery;* that they afterwards opened their ports to the produce of our whale fiſheries, *continuing* however their endeavours to recover a ſhare in this fiſhery themſelves, *by the aid of our fiſhermen*, having then *one hundred and fifty Americans* on board the *ſeventeen* French veſſels employed in both fiſheries.

There is one further remark which preſents itſelf on examining this report.—In ſtating the diſadvantages which would attend our loſs of the fiſheries, the ſecretary mentions, the injury to our navigation, and the conſequent dependance on the carriage of other nations: "We ſhould loſe," ſays he, "during an European war, the carriage for belligerent powers, which the *neutrality* of our flag would render an *incalculable ſource of profit*:" and yet, in this very report, he adviſes hoſtile meaſures—yet, in his commercial report, he repeats this advice with greater zeal, and in his general political conduct, he has been always promoting meaſures, the unequivocal object of which was, to *enliſt* us on the ſide of France during the preſent war, and thus compel us to relinquiſh the *neutrality* of our flag, this *incalculable ſource of profit to the United States.* PHOCION.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 19, 1796.

DIED, at Burlington, Vermont, of a lingering complaint, Mr. DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY aged three years.

*** "The Federaliſt," No. VII. omitted this day for want of room, ſhall appear on Monday.

Extract of a letter from Meſſrs. John Bulkeley & Son of Liſbon, dated 14th September, 1796, to a merchant in this city.

"Reſpecting politics, the late apprehenſions of a war between England and Spain are diminiſhed, the latter having taken off the embargo on the Britiſh packets, and theſe are to continue to ſail in turns as uſual, our court is continuing to arrange matters with the French Republic, and a general Peace is thought to be negociating—Flour 8 Mille per barrel.

Extract of a letter from a reſpectable houſe in London, dated 8th October, 1796, to a merchant in this city.

"The Directory of France have granted a paſſport to enable our government to treat for peace—it is high time a ſtop ſhould be put to the effuſion of blood. It is the general opinion that there will be a war between Spain and this country; both kingdoms have laid embargoes upon the veſſels of each other in their ports. One of our frigates, the Sea Horſe, has captured two rich Spaniſh ſhips and brought them into Cork; we have a letter to day mentioning that 150,000l. in ſpecie has been taken out of one of them, and that it is imagined the other has conſiderably more, excluſive of the value of their cargoes.

"Engliſh Wheat 55 to 60s. per quarter of 8 buſhels—laſt week it was 3os. dearer."

BY THIS DAY's MAILS.

NEW-YORK, November 18.

[The following is from the Argus.]

By Capt. Harris we received our regular file of the Morning Poſt, to the 10th October inclusive from which we haſten to abſtract the following important articles—

Army of the Sambre and Meuſe.

That in their retreat, they did not loſe more than 6,000 men, in killed, wounded, priſoners, ſick, and deſertions, had a reinforcement of 16 to 18,000 men, made a ſtand at Neuwied, and Sieg, after croſſing it. That from the 16th to the 23d September, there were continual fightings, with alternate ſucceſs.

That the French re-croſſed the Sieg, and advanced on the 23d.

That on the 26th general Kleber attacked and beat the Auſtrians on the Sieg, and the whole army was *advancing*. That on the 24th general Bournonville and general Jourdan were at Iſenberg.

General Bournonville commands the centre from Neuwied to Dierdorf; the advanced guard by general Caſtelveld at Romneſdorf.

Rhine and Moſelle.

That Moreau had cauſed 25,000 men to retreat towards Nuremberg and the Rhine, to divert prince Charles from Jourdan. That Moreau had alſo a body of 50,000 men, with which he bid defiance to the Auſtrians.

Army of Italy.

That general Buonaparte continued victorious—many bloody battles had been fought, in one of which general Wurmſer ſaved himſelf and ſmall ſuite, by flying into Mantua, where they and 20,000 more are ſhut up.

Much pains was and is taken to deceive the public on the ſubject of the continental armies.

PEACE.

That the overtures on the part of England to the French republic have all fallen through.

Admiral Gardner did not go to Newfoundland, but off Rochfort, in ſearch of Richery, and not finding him, returned to his ſtation off Breſt.

The late hour at which we received the London papers does not admit of enlarging—to morrow copious extracts will be given.

Captain Bunker, three other cabin, and ſteerage paſſengers, came in the Fame.

CONFLAGRATION.

About ſix o'clock laſt evening a fire broke out in one of the houſes of the range of wooden buildings in Barley-ſtreet, directly in front of the new alms-houſe, and communicated to the adjoining houſes with ſuch rapidity, that before any material aſſiſtance could be had, four or five of the range (which conſiſted of ten or twelve) were in flames, when it raged in a manner that bid defiance to the aſſembled citizens with all their activity and ſkill. The whole range, except two houſes, were entirely reduced to aſhes in one hour, beſides ſeveral ſmall out buildings. By the moſt daring bravery of the firemen, in entering the eaſternmoſt houſe but one, which was in flames, with their hoſes, this tremendous element was ſtopped in its fierce career, and thoſe two houſes ſaved. It is ſaid, that the fire caught by the ſhavings being left in a careleſs manner, while the workmen ſupped.

We learn, that the buildings were the property of Mr. Henry Kip and brother, Mr. Robert Snow, Mr. Wilkins, the compoſition manufacturer, a Mr. Smith and others—that five of them were finiſhed—that the two which were ſaved were tenanted, and that the tenants happily ſaved their furniture.

How many more ſad cataſtrophes do our rich fellow-citizens require to convince them, that brick and ſtone are cheapeſt in the end—How long before carpenters will be more careful of their fires in new buildings.

Captain Harris brought diſpatches for the Preſident of the United States, which were immediately lodged in the Poſt-Office.

[*From the Daily Advertiſer.*]

Laſt evening arrived the ſhip FAME, Capt. HARRIS, in 34 days from London and 30 from the Land's End, bringing papers to the 11th October, from which we have extracted the following.—

LONDON, October 5.

It was underſtood on 'change, that his majeſty's ſpeech, as finally prepared in the cabinet yeſterday, is extremely guarded, and holds out neither peace nor war, the conſequence of which was a fall of ſtocks. It was expected that the ſpeech would at leaſt hold out ſuch a narrative of the attempts made by his majeſty to commence a negociation as would have inſpired confidence in the diſpoſitions of the court towards peace. If we may draw any argument from the impreſſion made in the alley by the reports brought down yeſterday afternoon, this is by no means the caſe: the ſpeech is to be ſmooth and inoffenſive—exactly ſuch a ſpeech as Mr. Wilberforce would make to the manufacturers of Leeds—ſufficiently conſoling to ſtifle their petition for peace, but not promiſing enough to ſet their looms to work.

From the London Morning Chronicle.

Monday, October 10.

We yeſterday received the Paris papers up to Friday laſt, the 7th inſt. inclusive. Theſe papers are extremely barren in point of intelligence from the armies, which, however, our readers will find detailed at length. The directory has publiſhed an official declaration, that the diſaſtrous retreat of general Jourdan, notwithſtanding all the reports that have been made by their enemies, has not coſt the republic 6,000 men, comprehending killed, wounded, deſerters, priſoners and ſick, and that his army, which has been reinforced from 16 to 18,000 freſh troops is to reſume an attitude which ſhall prove, that though the French may experience a check, they can never be vanquiſhed. The article adds, that the rumours which have been ſpread of a new requiſition of men of a certain age, are falſe; that nothing can give the ſlighteſt foundation to ſuch a report, that on the contrary, their ſucceſſes, the loſſes of their enemies, the defeat of Wurmſer in Italy, the different treaties of peace already made this year, as well as thoſe which they have the well founded expectation yet to make, would render any recruit of the armies not only uſeleſs but hurtful.

Such is the account which the directory has thought it expedient to give to the republic. Our readers will ſubject it to the teſt of probability, and comparing it with the report of the German gazettes, and with the well known fact of the retreat of the army of the Sambre and Meuſe for ſo immenſe a diſtance, and of the number of battles they had to ſuſtain, will judge of the truth or falſhood of the ſtatement. In the mean time, all that the Paris papers ſtate of the actual operations of this army ſeems to be taken from the Bruſſels gazette, by which it appears that ſome ſlight ſkirmiſhes have taken place, in which the French have had the advantage, and that general Bournonville is occupied in reſtoring diſcipline to the diſtracted body.

From the army of Moreau we have not been able to trace a ſingle article in any of the French journals, nor are there any farther accounts from Italy.

The only important article which the French papers contain, is the official notice publiſhed by the directory on the meaſure of the application from the Engliſh court for a paſſport.

October 11.

Buſineſs in the Houſe of Commons this day. Report of the vote of the Committee of Supply.

Yeſterday morning arrived the firſt of the three Hamburgh mails which were due. The accounts brought by it from the armies on the Rhine and Danube, reach down to the 21ſt ult. and contain the particulars of the victory obtained by the archduke on the 16th ult. near Limburgh, in conſequence of which the French were obliged to recroſs the Lahn, to abandon their poſition near Wetzlar, and fall back to the lower Rhine.

On the 21ſt ult. the Imperialiſts carried the famous tete-de-pont before Neuwied.

With reſpect to general Moreau's army, it appears by ſeveral letters received by the mail, that the report of this general having detached a conſiderable corps into Franconia, to turn the archduke, is unfounded; and that about the middle of laſt month the army of the Rhine and Moſelle was divided into three columns, one of which had taken poſt on the Shellenbergh near Donawerth, another near Auſburgh, and the third near Fueſſen. In order to drive them from theſe poſitions, generals Nauendorf and Latour were approaching from Bavaria, and field-marſhal Petraſch through Suabia; and in general the Auſtrians, aſſiſted by a very conſiderable number of armed peaſants, were endeavouring to poſſeſs themſelves of all the ſtrong poſts, where they may be moſt able to obſtruct Moreau's retreat. They began on the 18th inſt. to bombard Kehl, and ſeem to be ſanguine in their hopes of a ſpeedy reduction of that fortreſs.

As to the ſtate of affairs in Italy, it would appear by an article inſerted in the Vienna court gazette of the 17th ult. that the only object of field marſhal Wurmſer's expedition towards Vicenza, Verona and Mantua, was once more to relieve the latter fortreſs, in which we know, by Buonaparte's laſt reports, he has fully ſucceeded, although with the loſs of a great number of men.

A letter from Stockholm, of the 20th ult. adviſes, that Mr. Morens, Spaniſh charge d'affairs at the Swediſh court, is expected ſhortly to leave that place.

THE KING'S SPEECH.

HOUSE OF LORDS, *Thurſdny, October 7.*

The King being ſeated on the Throne in the uſual ſtate and the Commons attending, his Majeſty delivered the following moſt gracious ſpeech:

"*My Lords, and Gentlemen,*

"It is a peculiar ſatisfaction to me, in the preſent conjuncture of affairs, to recur to your advice, after the recent opportunity which has been given for collecting the ſenſe of my people, engaged in a difficult and arduous conteſt, for the preſervation of all that is moſt dear to us.

"I have omitted no endeavours for ſetting on foot negociations of peace to Europe, and to ſecure for the future the general tranquility—the ſteps which I have taken for this purpoſe have at length opened the way to an immediate and direct negociation, the iſſue of which muſt either produce the deſirable end of a juſt, honourable and ſolid peace for us, and for our allies, or muſt prove, beyond diſpute, to what cauſe alone the prolongation of the calamities of war muſt be aſcribed.

"I ſhall immediately ſend a perſon to Paris with full powers to treat for this object, and it is my anxious wiſh that this meaſure may lead to the reſtoration of general peace; but you muſt be ſenſible that nothing can ſo much contribute to give effect to this deſire, as your manifeſting that we poſſeſs both the determination and the reſources to oppoſe, with increaſed activity and energy, the further efforts with which we have to contend.

"You will feel this peculiarly neceſſary at a moment when the enemy has openly manifeſted the intention of attempting a deſcent upon theſe kingdoms. It cannot be doubted what would be the iſſue of ſuch an enterprize; but it beſits your wiſdom to neglect no precautions that may either preclude the attempt, or ſecure the ſpeedieſt means of turning it to the confuſion and ruin of the enemy.

"In reviewing the events of the year, you will have obſerved that by the ſkill and exertions of my navy, our extenſive and encreaſing commerce has been protected to a degree almoſt beyond example, and the fleets of the enemy have for the greateſt part of the year been blocked up in their own ports.

"The operations in the Eaſt and Weſt Indies have been highly honourable to the Britiſh arms, and productive of great national advantage; and the valor and good conduct of my forces both by ſea and land have been eminently conſpicuous.

"The fortune of war on the continent has been more various; and the progreſs of the French armies threatened, at one period, the utmoſt danger to all Europe; but from the honourable and dignified perſeverance of my ally the Emperor, and from the intrepidity, diſcipline, and invincible ſpirit of the Auſtrian forces, under the auſpicious conduct of the Archduke Charles, ſuch a turn has lately been given to the courſe of the war, as may inſpire a well grounded confidence, that the final reſult of the campaign will prove more diſaſtrous to the enemy than its commencement and progreſs for a time were favourable to their hopes.

The apparently hoſtile diſpoſitions and conduct of the Court of Madrid have led to diſcuſſions of which I am not yet enabled to acquaint you with their reſult; but I am confident that whatever may be the final iſſue, I ſhall have given to Europe a further proof of my moderation and forbearance; and I can have no doubt of your determination to defend, againſt every aggreſſion, the dignity, rights and intereſts of the Britiſh Empire.

"*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,*

"I rely on your zeal and public ſpirit for ſuch ſupplies as you may think neceſſary for the ſervice of the year. It is a great ſatisfaction to me to obſerve that, notwithſtanding the temporary embarraſſments which have been experienced, the ſtate of the commerce, manufactures and revenue of the country, proves the real extent and ſolidity of our reſources, and furniſhes you ſuch means as muſt be equal to any exertions which the preſent criſis may require.

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"The diſtreſſes which were in the laſt year experienced from the ſcarcity of corn, are now, by the bleſſing of God, happily removed, and an abundant harveſt affords the pleaſing proſpect of relief in that important article to the labouring claſſes of the community. Our internal tranquility has alſo continued undiſturbed:—The general attachment of my people to the Britiſh conſtitution, has appeared on every occaſion, and the endeavours of thoſe who wiſhed to introduce anarchy and confuſion into this country, have been repreſſed by the energy and wiſdom of the laws.

"To defeat the deſigns of our enemies—to reſtore to my people the bleſſings of a ſecure and honorable peace—to maintain inviolate their religion, laws, and liberty—and to deliver down, unimpaired, to the lateſt poſterity, the glory and happineſs of theſe kingdoms, is the conſtant wiſh of my heart, and the uniform end of all my actions. In every meaſure that can conduce to theſe objects, I am confident of receiving the firm, zealous, and affectionate ſupport of my parliament."

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, November 19.

ARRIVED.

		Days
Ship	Adriana, Clapp,	Rotterdam 52
	Fanny, Waite	do.
	Joanna, Bogge,	Liſbon 56
Brig	Weſt-Indian, Charlton,	Jamaica 35
	Rambler, Johns,	on Jeremie 30
	Gincinnatus, Semple,	Halifax 18
	Columbia, Pratt,	Charleſton 14
Schooner	Fanny, Venn,	St. Thomas 17
	Sally, Church,	St. Kitts 21
	Dolphin, Tice,	Kingſton 36
	Harmony, Spooner,	Boſton 13

Philadelphia, November 19.

We have received London papers to the 11th October—copious extracts from which ſhall be given on Monday.

We have been favored with the following for publication.

PHILADELPHIA, 19th November, 1796.

SIR,

A number of the merchants of this city, together with the directors of the inſurance companies of North-America and Pennſylvania, impreſſed with a high ſenſe of your humane and generous conduct, in reſcuing the paſſengers and crew of the ſhip Aurora, from inevitable death, as well as for your diſintereſted behaviour after having landed them, have requeſted us to preſent you, in their names, with a piece of plate, of the value of four hundred dollars—We hope you will accept of it, as a mark of the reſpect and approbation of your fellow-citizens.

We are, with eſteem,
Sir,
Your moſt obedient ſervants,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
CONYNGHAM, NESBITT & CO.
WILLIAM CRAMOND.

Captain JOHN HODGE, *of the ſhip* SEDGLEY.

Philadelphia, 19th Nov. 1796.

GENTLEMEN,

I am honored with your letter of this day, preſenting to me on behalf of the Merchants and Inſurance offices of Philadelphia, a piece of plate, as a mark of their approbation of my conduct toward the paſſengers and crew of the ſhip Aurora—I felt ſufficient ſatisfaction, in the reflection of having been inſtrumental in ſaving the lives of fellow-men, who would otherwiſe have periſhed; but as public notice has in Europe, been taken of my conduct on that occaſion, it is particularly grateful to my feelings, that my own country has conſidered it deſerving of remembrance, and even a reward, which I accept with every ſenſation that ſuch diſtinguiſhed honor naturally excites.

I am with the higheſt reſpect,
Gentlemen,
Your moſt obliged, and
Moſt obedient Servant,
JOHN HODGE,
Maſter of the Ship Sedgley.

To Meſſieurs Thos. Fitzſimons, Conyngham, Neſbitt and Co. and William Cramond, Merchants, Philadelphia.

COMMUNICATION.

We learn from *good authority*, that the governor hath this day determined *not* to iſſue his proclamation, relative to the election of electors, until Wedneſday—notwithſtanding *his honor* had *previouſly* aſſured different gentlemen, at different times, that he would certainly promulge it in Brown's paper this afternoon. We underſtand, that the reaſon of *this change of promiſe*, ariſes from the opinions of the judges Shippen, Yeates, Smith and Biddle of this morning, "That the governor *may* by the laws delay it unto that day." To enſure the good will of both parties, his honor declared in the fulleſt manner, his determination *not* to publiſh the proclamation *even then*, if the expreſs now ſending off for the legal returns of Northumberland and Lycoming, ſhould *not* be received by that day—in order, to uſe his honor's own expreſſion, "that fair play may be done on both ſides."

Sugar in hhds. & bbls.
And 2000 buſhels of COARSE SALT,
will be landed on Monday next, from the ſchooner Sally, at Stampers wharf—and for ſale by
LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH & SON.
November 19 *1t

FOR SALE,
A valuable PLANTATION,

IN Frederick County, Virginia, bounding nearly three miles on the river Shenandoah, between Aſhby's Gap and Snicker's Ferry; 66 miles from Alexandria, and the like diſtance from the Federal City. It contains 1076 acres, 600 of which are cleared, the reſidue finely timbered; the whole Limeſtone or River Bottom; abounding in fine ſtreams and ſprings; above 80 acres on the bank of the river may be watered at pleaſure. It is capable of being divided into Lots of 100 acres, with water in each, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing or culture. Its ſituation for Health or elegant improvement is not to be ſurpaſſed in any inland country, and if deemed too large for one Farm, may be divided into two or three ſmaller ones, uniting in common advantages.—There is now erected on the Eſtate a good Merchant-Mill, with two pair of ſtones (on a large limeſtone ſpring) that rents for 466 dollars per ann. and on another never failing-ſpring a good Saw Mill, with a flutter wheel; there is plenty of pine timber in the neighboring mountain, and a ſtream ſufficient for another Mill with four pair of ſtones—theſe are adjacent to or immediately on the banks of the river, the navigation whereof is about being opened into the Potomak and for more than 100 miles above the mills. The other improvements on the Eſtate are a new commodious Barn, the loft of which is capable of containing 1500 buſhels; the threſhing-floor is 42 feet ſquare, well planked: another (double) Log Barn, with ſheds all around: a Diſtillery, with three large Stills, and a Granary above that will contain 500 buſhels, well covered with ſhingles, and a ſtream of water, conducted by troughs, running thro' it; at a ſmall diſtance is a large Cow-Houſe and Stable, with ſtalls for 22 cows, paved with ſtone in the European manner, with room for above 40 waggon loads of hay: a little further is a ſtrong ſtone-walled Spring-Houſe, completely fitted for a Dairy.——The whole of theſe Mills and Buildings are at a proper diſtance from each other, and from the Dwelling, which conſiſts of three commodious Frame-Buildings, with the neceſſary conveniencies. A well encloſed Garden of the fineſt ſoil, with a ſtream of water running thro' it; two large Apple Orchards; ſeveral good Quarries for building and lime ſtone; a number of Out-Houſes for Managers, Blackſmith, Cooper, and lodgings for Men of Colour;—add greatly to the conveniencies and value of this Eſtate.

The Purchaſer, on paying one half the price agreed for, may be accommodated with a conſiderable credit for the remainder, and with the Cattle, Horſes, Waggons, Farming Utenſils, and Furniture, at a reaſonable valuation. For other particulars, application may be made to the ſubſcriber on the Eſtate, to Thomas Fitzſimons in Philadelphia, or Matthias Slough, Lancaſter.

J. HOLKER.

Springſbury, 18th October, 1796.—31ſt law6

A Short Delay

In the Drawing of the Canal Lottery,

In Washington city, has been unavoidably occasioned by the unforeseen intervention of Mr. Blodget's Lottery —but as the major part of the tickets are now disposed of, this is to inform the public that the drawing of the Canal Lottery will certainly commence without fail, on the first Monday in January 1797, and those holding tickets, are hereby requested to send a statement of those sold, and those on hand.

NOTLY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, of Duddington,
GEORGE WALKER,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY,
W. M. DUNCANSON.

The Printers who gave our advertisements a place in their newspapers, are requested to give this notice admission, as the remaining tickets are expected to be soon above par, and we wish adventurers to be timely informed

Nov. 12. †&tw.

William Gardner, No. 62,

SOUTH FRONT-STREET,

Has received by the late arrivals from Liverpool and Glasgow,

An assortment of DRY GOODS,

Which he will dispose of upon low terms, for cash or the usual credit, by the piece or package—

Consisting of

CAMBRICKS, Printed Calicoes and Chintzes
Printed Handkerchiefs and Shawls
Jaconet and Book Muslins, well assorted
Do. do. tamboured do.
Do. do. Handk's and Shawls do.
White and coloured threads
Diaper and diaper table cloths
Cotton check and check handkerchiefs
Striped and coloured nankeens
Dimities and quiltings
Tapes and garters.
Cotton counterpanes
Mens and womens gloves
Plats and stockings
Osnaburgs, bed-ticks and brown Holland
Stationary, &c. &c. &c.

November 3. mts

To be Sold,

AT PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Thursday the 6th day of April next, at 12 o'clock. at Dougherty's tavern, in the town of Winchester, in Virginia, the folowing lands, situate in the said state, viz.

No. 1.—430 Acres,

Of excellent land on the waters of Back-creek, in Frederick county, on the great road leading to the South Branch, about ten miles from Winchester, 100 acres of which is rich bottom, a fine stream running through it, with several springs, the trees in the bottom are chiefly sugar maple, black walnut, hickory and locust. There is a log dwelling and out-houses, some meadow made, and 40 acres of upland cleared. On this tract there is a good mill-seat, where an undershot-mill might be erected.

No. 2.—800 Acres.

Situate in Hampshire county, on the north branch of the Potowmack, and on a branch called Cabbin-run, about eight miles from Fort Cumberland. On this tract is a large quantity of rich bottom, fit for meadow or the culture of hemp, the upland remarkably good, being chiefly timbered with walnut and hickory. The above tract is in two surveys of 400 acres each.

No. 3.—200 Acres.

Situate in Franklin county, about ten miles from Winchester. On this tract there is a dwelling house and part of the land is cleared, the remainder is finely timbered.

No. 4.—A Lot of Ground.

In the town of Woodstock, Shanandoah county, whereon is erected a two story house, and other improvements, and a ten acre lot for the conveniency of said town lot.

No. 5.—250 Acres.

Situate about two miles from Woodstock. Part of this tract is in cultivation, is finely timbered, and a good quantity of meadow may be made.

No. 6.—400 Acres.

Situate in Hampshire county, on George Andes's mill run, on a branch of the Casapchon. This tract is finely timbered, there is good bottom land, which might be easily converted into meadow.

No. 7.—One moiety of 5000 Acres.

Lying on the waters of Hughes's river, in Harrison county. This was purchased at one quarter of a dollar per acre, cash above 8 years ago.

No. 8.—41,900 Acres.

Lying in the counties of Wythe, Washington, and Grayson (the greater part in Wythe,) on the waters of Cripple creek and Fox creek, branches of New River, and on the south fork of Holstein.

No. 9.—10,000 Acres.

Lying in the county of Hardy, on the waters of Great Cacapion and North River.

The terms of payment will be one third part of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of executing the deed or deeds of conveyance, the remaining two thirds to be paid in equal instalments, at 12, 18, and 24 months thereafter securing those payments by mortgaging the premises.

Should any person wish to purchase at private sale, application may be made to John Holker, Esq. near Winchester; David Holmes, Esq. of Winchester; or by letters, (post paid,) to the subscriber in Philadelphia, being the owner of said lands, who will personally attend the sale on the day abovementioned,

George Meade.

Philadelphia, 2d of November 1796.

dtw w&s 1 MdtA.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

Price 37 1-2 Cents.

The Pretensions of Thomas Jefferson to the Presidency,

EXAMINED,

And the Charges against John Adams

REFUTED.

Addressed to the Citizens of America in general, and, particularly,

To the Electors of the President.

Sold by
W. YOUNG, MILLS & SON, Corner of Second and Chesnut-streets.

November 5. tts

Gaspard Cenas

Will open his Dancing School

On the 1st of November, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at Oellers's Hotel. Oct. 17. *mwf4

Philadelphia, 6th November, 1796.

ALL persons desirous to contract to furnish for the Army of the United States, the following articles, or any portion of them, are requested to send in their proposals sealed on or before the 15th December next to

Tench Francis, Purveyor.

252 Pair of leather breeches,
252 Pair of boots,
1042 Artillery hats,
2108 Infantry hats,
4600 Pair of shoes, No. 1.
8000 Pair of shoes, No. 2.

The patterns may be viewed at Samuel Hodgdon's, Esq. public store on the first wharf above Arch-street.

November 8. tu & ftD1

James Musgrave,

GOLDSMITH & JEWELLER,

No. 42, south Second-street,

HAS just received an assortment of Plated Ware and Jewellery, Plated Tea and Coffee Urns, Coffee Pots, Tea ditto, Castors from 5 to 8 bottles, Sugar and Cream Basons, Bottle Stands, Baskets, high Candlesticks, Brackets and Chamber ditto, Branches, Sconces, a variety of Silver and Plated Shoe Larchets, Spurs, &c. &c. warranted of the best plate; Ladies and Gentlemens Gold Watch Chains, Seals and Keys; Necklaces, Neck Chains, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Lockets, Breast Pins, Stone Knee-Buckles, with many other articles in the above branches.

He has likewise received an extensive assortment of japann'd tea and coffee Urns, persian, blue, brown, black and gold.

All kinds of work in the gold and silver line; miniatures set, and hair work executed as usual.

November 9. tu th & f

To be Sold,

60,400 Acres of Land.

Lying on the river Alleghany, in the county of Northumberland, in the State of Pennsylvania.

400 Acres Land,

In Bald Eagle township, Northumberland county aforesaid.

60,000 Acres Land,

Lying on the waters of the Oconee and Canouchee rivers, in the county of Washington, in the state of Georgia.

174,000 Acres Land,

Lying on the waters of the Ohopee and Canouchee rivers. in the county of Montgomery, in the state of Georgia.

31,033 Acres Land,

Lying in Orangeburgh district, in the state of South Carolina. And,

146,986 Acres Land,

Lying in Charleston district, in the said state of South Carolina.

An Half-acre Lot of Grond,

In the town of Richmond, Virginia.

The above Lands will be sold low.—Apply to

George Meade.

Philadelphia, 11th Nov. 1796. tu&s 19thD

SAMUEL RICHARDET

RESPECTFULLY informs the Gentlemen Merchants, that he has this day opened the CITY TAVERN and MERCHANTS COFFEE HOUSE in the city of Philadelphia.

The Subscription Room will be furnished with all the daily papers published in Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Baltimore, together with those of the principal commercial cities of Europe—They will be regularly filed and none permitted to be taken away on any account.

Tea, Coffee, Soupes, Jellies, Ice Creams, and a variety of French Liquors; together with the usual refreshments, will at all times be procured at the bar.

Gentlemen may depend on being accommodated with the choicest of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, and the most approved Malt Liquors from London and other breweries.

The Larder will be supplied with the prime and earliest productions of the Season.

Large and small Parties, or single Gentlemen, may be accommodated with Breakfasts, Dinners, or Suppers, at hours most convenient to themselves—a cold Collation is regularly kept for conveniency, the Bill of Fare to be had at the bar.

The Lodging Rooms will be completely furnished, and the utmost attention paid to cleanliness, and every other requisite.

☞ SAMUEL RICHARDET will be happy to receive, and execute the commands of his Friends, and the Public at large; and with gratitude for their favours, he pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to preserve that patronage with which he has been so distinguishingly honored.

Philadelphia, April 19. mwf

Paterson Lottery.

FOR raising six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents, by a deduction of fifteen per cent from the prizes, and not two blanks to a prize. viz

1	Prize of	5000 dollars is dollars	5000
1		1000	1000
1		500	500
5		200	1000
20		100	2000
99		50	4950
200		25	5000
2000		10	20,000
5	Last drawn numbers of 1000 dollars each,		5000
2332	Prizes.		44,450
4018	Blanks.		
6350	Tickets at Seven Dollars each,		44,450

By order of the Directors of the Society for establishing Useful Manufactures, the superintendants of the Paterson Lottery have requested the Managers to offer the foregoing Scheme to the public, and have directed them to refund the money to those persons who have purchased in the former Lottery, or exchange the tickets for tickets n this Lottery.

The lottery has actually commenced drawing, and will continue until finished. A list of the Blanks and Prizes may be seen at the office of William Blackburn, No. 64 south Second street, who will give information where tickets may be procured.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1796.

J. N. CUMMING,
JACOB R. HARDENBERG, } Managers.
JONATHAN RHEA,

STATE OF THE WHEEL.

1	Prize of	5000	5000
1		1000	1000
1		500	500
5		200	1000
20		100	2000
90		50	4500
165		25	4125
The five last drawn tickets, 1000 each,			5000

Being all the valuable prizes, besides a full proportion of the 10 dollars.

As the Lottery is considerably more than one third drawn, the value of the undrawn tickets is greatly increased, and it is worth the notice of those who hold tickets in the old scheme, that they can exchange their tickets for those in the above, if they apply soon, and at a moderate advance considering the now real value of an undrawn ticket.

The tickets being nearly all sold, the drawing in future will be oftener, and the Lottery soon finished.

November 12. mws

TO BE SOLD,

A LEASE for seven years, from the 25th March next, in that capital and beautiful FARM, called

PROSPECT-HILL,

Situated within one quarter of a mile from the Brandywine Mills, and half a mile from the borough of Wilmington.

THE dwelling house is built of stone, two stories high, genteely finished, and contains four handsome rooms on a floor, besides an entry, with capital garrets, and convenient cellars. It is generally thought to command the most agreeable prospect of the Delaware, from the source of that river to the Capes. This prospect is greatly embellished by a full view of a vast body of meadow, through which the Christiana and Brandywine creeks are seen winding in beautiful meanders. Near the house are a Kitchen, a spacious stone stable and hay loft, a barn, a carriage house, milk-house, &c. and a well of as pure water as any on the continent. The garden contains an acre and quarter of land, abounding with fruit, and particularly with peach trees, of the very best kind, brought from Maryland, and in full bearing. There is, moreover, on the place, a young, apple orchard begining to bear, and several old trees that produce abundantly, besides cherry and other ornamental trees, in great numbers. The farm consists of near sixty acres of land, of good quality, and clear of incumbrances, except taxes, twenty of which are now in excellent clover and timothy, and ten more will be ready for sowing next spring. A residence of nearly 8 years has convinced the subscriber that the situation is remarkably healthy. The great post road from Philadelphia to the Southward runs within seventy yards of the house. In a word, the beauties and convenience of this situation cannot be enumerated in an advertisement, and when examined, will probably command the attention of any person who is desirous of living at one of the most elegant country seats on the continent. The purchaser may enter on the premises next spring, or perhaps, this fall, if application be immediately made to Doctor NICHOLAS WAY, in Philadelphia, to Doctor WHARTON, on the premises, or, in his absence, to Mr. GEORGE TRUITT, in Wilmington.

A quantity of excellent Hay, Grain in the ground, some Stock, &c. may be had by the purchaser at the time of sale.

Nov. 7. codtf

Philadelphia, November 6, 1796.

ALL persons desirous to contract for furnishing of Rations and Quarter-Masters stores, for the troops in Philadelphia or Fort-Mifflin, on Mud Island, during the year 1797—are requested to send their proposals sealed, on or before the first day of December next, to

TENCH FRANCIS, Purveyor.

The component parts of the Rations, are

1 pound of Flour or Bread
1 pound of Beef or 3-4 of a pound of Pork
1-2 a gill of Rum, Brandy or Whiskey
1 quart of Salt
2 quarts of Vinegar
2 pounds of Soap
1 pound of Candles } For 100 Rations

Nov. 9

Just Imported,

In the schooner Lucy, Capt. Prows, from Madeira, and to be sold by

ELLISTON & JOHN PEROT,

Best London particular Madeira Wine,

Three years old,

In pipes, hogsheads, and quarter casks, fit for immediate use.—They have also for sale,

A few bags of Juniper Berries.

October 28. w&s4w

To be Sold,

The Time of a smart, active Negro Lad,

Who has Eleven years to serve.

Enquire at No. 58, South Front street.

October 18. §

DANCING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL will open his school on Monday the 31st inst. at ten o'clock in the morning, at his

Elegant New Ball Rooms,

In Fourth, between Chesnut and Walnut Streets.

Hours of tuition for young ladies, from 10 to 1 o'clock on Mondays, Wednesday, and Friday mornings; and for young gentlemen from 6 to 9 o'clock on the evenings o the same days.

In addition to a number of new cotillions, he means to introduce a variety of Scotch Reels.

Note. The first practising ball to be on Tuesday evening, the first of November, and to be continued every Tuesday, during the season.

For terms, &c, enquire at his house, No. 34, Market-street.

Oct. 17. tthf

Treasury Department,

September 28, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury until the expiration of the first day of March next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required for the use of the United States, from the first day of June, 1797, to the thirty-first day of May, 1798, both days inclusive, at the places and within the districts hereafter mentioned, viz. At Oswego; at Niagara; at Presque Isle; at Sandusky Lake, and on Sandusky River; at Detroit; at Michilimackinac; at Fort-Franklin; at Pittsburgh; at Cincinnati; at Fort-Hamilton; at Fort St. Clair; at Fort-Jefferson; at Grenville; at Picque Town and Loramies Store; at Fort Adams; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance on the Miami River to Lake Erie; at Fort Steuben; at Fort Massac; at any place from Fort Massac to the south boundary of the United States on the river Mississippi; at Fort Knox; at Ouiatanon.

If supplies shall be required for any posts or places not mentioned in this notice, all such supplies shall be furnished at prices proportioned to those to be paid at the posts before recited, or as may be hereafter agreed on between the United States and the Contractor.

The rations to be supplied are to consist of the following articles, viz.

One pound two ounces of bread or flour.

One pound two ounces of beef, or fourteen ounces of pork or bacon.

Half a gill of rum, brandy or whiskey.

One quart and half a pint of salt.
Two quarts of Vinegar,
Two pounds of Soap,
One pound of Candles, } per hundred rations

The rations are to be furnished in such quantities, as that there shall at all times during the said term, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Niagara, and Oswego, for the term of six months in advance, and at each of the other posts, for the term of at least three months in advance, in good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is to be understood, that the Contractor is to be at the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops at each post, and that all losses sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the articles captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles for which compensation shall be claimed

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SWANN'S,

Riding School, Horse Academy & Infirmary.

Adjoining the Public Square, Market Street.

T. SWANN

RETURNS his sincere thanks to those gentlemen by whom he has been employed, during his residence in this City, and flatters himself that the success of his efforts, in the numerous, obstinate and dangerous diseases in Horses, in which he has been consulted, together with his moderate charges, will secure their future favors and recommendation.

He now begs leave to inform them and the public at large that his spacious and commodious premises, erected for the purposes above described are open for the reception of pupils of either sex, who wish to be instructed in the Art of Riding, and the right method of governing their horses, so as to ride them with ease, elegance, and safety—their horses will be carefully and expeditiously broke, for every purpose, and made obedient to the will of the riders; the natural powers which are shut up in them, will be unfolded by art, calling forth uniformity of motion, and giving to that noble animal all those beauties of action which providence has so bountifully bestowed on them.

Also, at his hospital, every disorder to which the horse is liable will be treated according to the rules of art, confirmed by long and repeated experience.

The utility of the above institution has never been questioned, that it has long been wanted in this city, every gentleman's stud will manifest, and T. SWANN as the first establisher of the veterenary art, solicits and relies upon the support of that public (which he is ever anxious in serving) to enable him to bring it to perfection. The idea of a subscription for that purpose has been hinted by several gentleman, who wish to promote the institution—the amount of each subscription to be returned by services in any of the departments he professes, agreeable to the rate of charges stated in his hand bill. Such subscription is now open, and the signatures of many respectable gentlemen already obtained. He therefore informs his friends and such Ladies and gentlemen to whom he has not the honor of being known, that he shall in a few days take the liberty of waiting upon them and soliciting their support and protection.

N. B. Horses are properly prepared for those Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to be instructed.

Nov. 5. tth&f.

WANTED,

As Cook, in a private family,

A YOUNG WOMAN who can produce good recommendations of an unexceptionable character. Enquire of the Printer.

November 17. 3tf

Lost Last Evening,

At Ricketts's Amphitheatre, (supposed to be taken by some villain out of a gentleman's pocket)

A red Morocco-Leather POCKET-BOOK,

Containing about 185 dollars in bank notes; three notes of hand of Ross and Simson, No. 304, 305 and 306, dated 12th last August, payable 60 days after date, to the order of Paul Siemen, together for 5150 dollars; an order of Mrs. Ann Macpherson, from Paul Siemen, on Lachlin Mac Neal, Esq. at Port-au-Prince, for 100 dollars; besides several letters and papers of no use but to the proprietor. The notes of hand and order are without endorsement. EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD is offered to any person who will discover and secure the thief, and FORTY DOLLARS for only bringing the above mentioned notes and papers at No. 129, corner of Front and Mulberry streets. d Oct. 11.

Twenty Guineas Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 23d October, a Dark MULATTO BOY, named MOSES; 21 years old; about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on a mixed green coat, with a green velvet cape and oval yellow buttons; a striped vest; a pair of dark spotted pantaloons, and whole boots much worn. It is probable he may change his name and dress. He has been accustomed to driving a carriage, and waiting. The above reward will be paid for securing him so that the subscriber may get him again, and if brought home all reasonable charges paid by

Robins Chamberlaine.

Easton, Maryland, Nov. 10. 14 §1m2awif

STOP THE THIEVES!!!

LAST Wednesday Evening, October 19, between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock, the bed room of Mr Ricketts in O'Eller's hotel was entered, either by means of false keys, or at the window, by some villain or villains, who must have been acquainted with the situation of the house (as the door was found locked after they had committed the theft) who took away from amongst several trunks, ONE which contained a valuable part of Mr. Rickett's property, but of which he is not yet able to ascertain the contents particularly. After bringing the said trunk away, and emptying it of upwards of a thousand dollars in cash and bank notes, the villains left it behind the circus, during the time that the performances of the evening were going forward.

It is earnestly requested, that all tavern-keepers on the stage roads, and the ferry houses, as well as all civil officers, may be watchful in securing suspicious persons, who may have a redundance of cash, which their appearance would by no means bespeak them to be possessed of.

One Hundred Dollars Reward

Will be given for securing the thief or thieves, and a further reward for securing them with the property.

Oct 19. d

Washington Canal Lottery,

No. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorised the underwritten, to raise twenty-six thousand, two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cutting a Canal through the City of Washington, from the Potomac to the Eastern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. I.

Viz 1	Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
1	ditto	10,000	10,000
7	last drawn Tickets, each	5,000	35,000
6	ditto	1,000	6,000
10	ditto	400	4,000
20	ditto	100	2,000
55	ditto	50	2,750
5750	ditto	12	69,000
	To be raised for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars, -		175,000

☞ The Commissioners have taken the Securities required by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(Signed) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, of D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.

City of Washington, Feb. 11. §

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